Approved Organisation, Leader of Approved Research Program	Approved Research Program	Estimated and Approved Expenditure (\$)			Indicative Funding (\$)			Total (\$)	
(Columns 1 and 2)	(Column 3)	2020-21 (Column 4)	2021-22 (Column 5)	2022-23 (Column 6)	2023-24* (Column 7)	2024-25* (Column 8)	2025-26* (Column 9)	(Column 10)	
New South W	ales								
The University of	f New South Wales								
IN210100004 Newton, Dr BJ	The soaring rates of Indigenous children living in out-of-home care requires an urgent response. This research aims to considerably advance the knowledge regarding child restoration by investigating the lived experiences and outcomes of Aboriginal parents whose children have been restored from care. The project intends to identify successful child restoration initiatives and produce an empirical roadmap for navigating service systems with the goal of restoration. The project expects to make a substantial contribution to this largely neglected research area that will benefit birth parents and families, communities, practitioners, policy makers and academics. In doing so, it aspires to reduce the prevalence of Aboriginal children in care. National Interest Test Statement Australian governments spend more on out-of-home care than any other family support or child p contribute largely to these costs, representing more than 36% of children in care. Children living i Understanding the pathways for successfully and sustainably restoring children to their birth pare likelihood of cultural and identity loss, grief and trauma associated with growing up in care away f better understanding of how they can better direct resources and services to contribute to sustain	n care experience nts, as is the goal rom kin, communi	multiple adverse ou in this project, is pa ty and Country. Kno	utcomes to their soc ramount to reducing owing more about the	al, emotional, psyc the high rates of A e lived experience of	hological, and edu boriginal children of these families v	ucational develop in care, and min vill provide policy	oment. imising the	
	The Indigenous curriculum content in the Australian Curriculum, is tasked as the latest attempt to improve outcomes for Indigenous students. This project aims to investigate how teachers approach this cross-curriculum mandate, consider teachers' attudes regarding the teaching of Indigenous content, and identify the complex factors that act as barriers to the success of teaching this content. Employing an innovative design that combines policy analysis, survey research and qualitative research to consider the structural, epistemic and curriculum factors impacting on the success of this policy mandate. This will illuminate the affordances and constraints of new ways of understanding the inclusion of Indigenous content into the curriculum.	57,000.00	125,000.00	108,000.00	40,000.00	0.00	0.00	330,000.00	
	National Interest Test Statement								
	This project provides new knowledge for policy and educators on how to genuinely embed Indige how to consistently teach this well for all students. The link between improving students' learner is schooling success for Indigenous students. There are considerable national benefits in resolving elegeneers are and as in a protein process of the students.	dentities and impro	oved outcomes is kn nomic conundrum t	nown by governmen through the genuine	ts who have looked engagement of Inc	l to find effective r ligenous knowled	esponses to the ge, histories and	inability to shift cultures into	

how to consistently teach this well for all students. The link between improving students' learner identities and improved outcomes is known by governments who have looked to find effective responses to the inability to shift schooling success for Indigenous students. There are considerable national benefits in resolving this moral and economic conundrum through the genuine engagement of Indigenous knowledge, histories and cultures into classrooms so as to underpin reconciliation and full social, economic and civic participation of Indigenous peoples in Australia, This study brings new understanding to the social, cultural and pedagogical impedagoties to the effective inclusion.

The University of New South Wales	112,872.50	242,864.00	228,447.00	135,978.50	37,523.00	0.00	757,685.00
New South Wales	112,872.50	242,864.00	228,447.00	135,978.50	37,523.00	0.00	757,685.00

Approved Organisation, Leade of Approved Research Program	janisation, Leader		Estimated and Approved Expenditure (\$)			Indicative Funding (\$)		
(Columns 1 and 2)	(Column 3)	2020-21 (Column 4)	2021-22 (Column 5)	2022-23 (Column 6)	2023-24* (Column 7)	2024-25* (Column 8)	2025-26* (Column 9)	(Column 10)
Queensland								
Griffith Univers	ity							
N210100044 Sunderland, A/Prof Naomi L	This project aims to track how First Nations' music and musicians are shaped by, and in turn may shape, powerful social determinants of health in Australia. That knowledge will be used to generate new models and frameworks for health promotion and arts-health policy and practice internationally. The project is significant because it responds to calls for health approaches that are strength based, First Nations' social and culturally secure. Expected outcomes include: new models of First Nations' social and cultural health determinants; new tools to promote health; international research partnerships; and researcher and higher degree opportunities. Benefits include new tools for promoting First Nations' health and music development.	150,000.00	280,000.00	260,000.00	130,000.00	0.00	0.00	820,000.00
	poor mental health. The project supports national and international calls for new First Nation determinants that affect First Nations' musicians and communities and the ways that music the interactions between music and First Nations' health and well-being at national and inte health to address dramatic health inequalities between First Nations' Peoples and others. If	ns-led, strengths-l ians might in turn rnational levels. It	based, and culturally s influence powerful he will provide new under	safe health and well- alth determinants for erstandings of the wa	being responses. It others. The projec ays that Australia ca	creates new know t helps us to better an draw on existing	ledge by identifying understand, and p First Nations' stren	the health otentially influence
	Griffith University	150,000.00	280,000.00	260,000.00	130,000.00	0.00	0.00	820,000.00
The University	of Queensland							
N210100008 Bond, A/Prof Chelsea J	This proposal aims to develop Indigenist Health Humanities as a new and innovative field of inquiry, building an intellectual collective capable of bridging the knowledge gap that a hinders current efforts to close the gap in Indigenous health inequality. Bringing together health and the humanities through the particularity of Indigenous scholarship, a deeper understanding of the human experience of health will be developed alongside a greater understanding of the enablers to building a transdisciplinary collective of Indigenous health researchers. The potential benefits include a more sustainable, relational and ethical approach to advancing new knowledge, advancing research careers and advancing health outcomes for Indigenous people.	180,500.00	361,500.00	357,000.00	352,000.00	350,500.00	174,500.00	1,776,000.00
	National Interest Test Statement							
	Closing the gap in Indigenous health inequality has been a shared commitment of state and			dea of investment in	aliniaal aammarii	and received and		ualitiaa narai-t T

Closing the gap in Indigenous health inequality has been a shared commitment of state and federal governments, yet despite decades of investment in clinical, community and research programs, health inequalities persist. This proposal seeks to fill the knowledge gap that is hindering these efforts by building a health research agenda and community of practice that includes humanities and social scientific perspectives about the social world that Indigenous people occupy and its role in the production of illness and inequality. This is particularly salient given the increasing recognition of the social and cultural determinants of health locally and globally. This research agenda aims to yield new insights into Indigenous health and well-being that will be used to better inform Indigenous policy responses, recognising the limitations of relying too heavily upon a medical response to what is effectively a socio-political problem.

Approved Organisation, Leader of Approved Research Program	Approved Research Program	Estimated and Approved Expenditure (\$)			Indicative Funding (\$)			Total (\$)	
(Columns 1 and 2)	(Column 3)	2020-21 (Column 4)	2021-22 (Column 5)	2022-23 (Column 6)	2023-24* (Column 7)	2024-25* (Column 8)	2025-26* (Column 9)	(Column 10)	
Chapman, Adj/Prof Dale D	Native bushfood and ornamental plants are a significant part of Indigenous biocultural heritage, yet few products are marketed by Indigenous businesses. This research aims to enable Indigenous businesses from bushfoods and native ornamental plants endemic to the Custodial Lands of four Traditional Owner partners. The Project will investigate new technologies for horticultural and food products, product traceability, and transparent and secure information flows. The expected project outcomes are: bushfood and ornamental plants developed for innovative value chains and business tools. Key expected benefits are: sustainable, profitable Indigenous industries, and revitalisation of Traditional Knowledge and Indigenous biocultural heritage.	156,500.00	313,000.00	313,000.00	313,000.00	313,000.00	156,500.00	1,565,000.00	
	National Interest Test Statement								
	This research contributes to Australia's national interest through economic, commercial, so new applications in bush tucker, novel foods, and ornamental plants for urban gardens. The communities. The impact is that economic benefit will flow back to communities, enable furt heritage by working on custodial plants and their food, and working on their custodial lands. development, the legacy of the project will enable and empower Indigenous Australians to b	e true value of this her economic opp This project will s	s project is that the re- portunities, and attrac set a new benchmark	search will enable bu and engage their yo for the participation	sinesses to be deve outh to work in the b of Traditional Owne	eloped that are sus usinesses. This w rs and Custodians	tainable and owned ill contribute to rest in their culture, and	d by Indigenous pring biocultural d through economic	
IN210100062	The aim of this study is to provide an evidence base and framework for the new co-	107,000.00	263,500.00	268,000.00	111,500.00	0.00	0.00	750,000.00	
Shay, Dr Marnee	design approach being implemented across State and Commonwealth Indigenous policy domains. This project investigates co-design within the context of Indigenous education policy within QLD to create a large data set on how co-design is conceptualised and enacted. As the concept of co-design is new in Indigenous policy development, this project is expected to generate new knowledges that will directly benefit Indigenous people, schools, policy makers, and governments. The project addresses the critical social justice issue of Indigenous education inequalities through investigating best practices in education policy development and enactment.								
	National Interest Test Statement								
	The Australian Government consistently reports the lack of progress in relation to improving								

issues for Australian Government consistently reports the tack of progress in relation to improving educational outcomes for indigenous Australians. Pool educational outcomes for young people leads to social justice and economic issues for Australians. This project aims to offer new and innovative ways of investigating a persistent problem through unlocking the complex interactions between communities, schools and policy makers with a focus on codesign. Through development of foundational research knowledge the project seeks to provide innovative solutions to address the current barriers for improvement in Indigenous educational outcomes of new knowledge and policy roundtables to engage key stakeholders. These activities are expected to lead to the co-construction of new knowledge and ways of working with Indigenous peoples through co-design that can potentially impact on the social, cultural and economic national interest and seek to significantly improve the outcomes for Indigenous young people.

The University of Queensland	444,000.00	938,000.00	938,000.00	776,500.00	663,500.00	331,000.00	4,091,000.00
Queensland	594,000.00	1,218,000.00	1,198,000.00	906,500.00	663,500.00	331,000.00	4,911,000.00

Approved Organisation, Leader of Approved Research Program	rganisation, Leader f Approved Research			Estimated and Approved Expenditure (\$)			Indicative Funding (\$)		
(Columns 1 and 2)	(Column 3)	2020-21 (Column 4)	2021-22 (Column 5)	2022-23 (Column 6)	2023-24* (Column 7)	2024-25* (Column 8)	2025-26* (Column 9)	(Column 10)	
Tasmania									
University of Tas	smania								
IN210100037 Walter, Prof Maggie M	This project aims to contribute to rectifying 3 significant gaps in Indigenous research in relation to data; a lack of Indigenous lifecourse research to inform policy development; a lack of Indigenous governance of data; and a broader lack of Indigenous statistical literacy and capability. This project expects to address these gaps: by initiating an Indigenous lifecourse research agenda, using existing datasets; by being the first project to model the application of Indigenous data governance to existing data resources; and by delivering a modularised Indigenous Statistics Course, the first of its kind in Australia, plus a set of statistical literacy workshops to Indigenous organisations to meet Indigenous determined data needs.	58,374.50	132,049.00	149,139.00	75,464.50	0.00	0.00	415,027.00	
	National Interest Test Statement Aligning with the Science and Research Priority of Health: better health outcomes for Indigenous pr amplify the value of data to policy makers and Indigenous communities alike, delivering national be enacted at the individual, family and community level. 2. Produce of higher-quality evidence for polic community fact sheets. 3. Raise the standard and availability of data and statistical capacity to infor governance protocols to existing mainstream datasets, improving data processes and building Indig	nefit in 5 major ar icy development v rm community dev	eas: 1. Yield a distir vith findings made a velopment and adva	nctive contextualised vailable to policy mance Indigenous asp	d evidence base o akers and Indigen irations. 4. Model	f how Indigenous ous communities the practical app	s life transitions a in a series of po	re negotiated and licy briefs and	

University of Tasmania	58,374.50	132,049.00	149,139.00	75,464.50	0.00	0.00	415,027.00
Tasmania	58,374.50	132,049.00	149,139.00	75,464.50	0.00	0.00	415,027.00

pproved Organisation, Approved Research Program eader of Approved esearch Program		Estimated and Approved Expenditure (\$)			Indicative Funding (\$)			Total (\$)
(Columns 1 and 2)	(Column 3)	2020-21 (Column 4)	2021-22 (Column 5)	2022-23 (Column 6)	2023-24* (Column 7)	2024-25* (Column 8)	2025-26* (Column 9)	(Column 10)
Victoria								
The University of	Melbourne							
IN210100055 Fletcher, A/Prof Michael- Shawn	Indigenous cultural burning has been raised as a way of mitigating against climate-driven catastrophic bushfires in southeast Australian forests. It is argued that returning an Indigenous style fire regime will keep landscape fuel loads low, thus reducing the frequency and intensity of bushfires and mitigating against large catastrophic bushfires. While based on enormous reservoirs of traditional fire knowledge in Indigenous communities, this assertion needs empirical testing within these highly flammable forests. This project aims to empirically test how fuel loads, fuel type, fire frequency and fire intensity have changed over the past 500 years in southeast Australian forests, spanning the period of indigenous to British management.	72,709.00	149,163.00	154,313.00	77,859.00	0.00	0.00	454,044.00
	National Interest Test Statement Australia needs better strategies for managing the fire hazard presented by the highly flammable f low fuel loads, less frequent and less intense fires within these forests. Recent fires have proven the from these forests occurred more than a century before the application of fuel-reduction burning to bushfires. Indigenous cultural burning represents a real solution to this problem, but requires testin and intensity of bushfires. This will allow the development of robust, sustainable and effective fuel	hat fuel-reduction protect life, prop ng. This project w	burning is ineffective erty and other asseries ill provide data on the	ve at mitigating agai ts, allowing the accu ne ability of cultural	inst catastrophic b umulation of fuel lo burning to lower fu	ushfires. The ren bads across the l uel loads, alter fu	noval of Indigence andscape that ca el type and chan	ous management ause catastrophic
	The University of Melbourne	72,709.00	149,163.00	154,313.00	77,859.00	0.00	0.00	454,044.00

Victoria 72,709.00

149,163.00

154,313.00

454,044.00

0.00

0.00

77,859.00

Approved Approved Research Program Organisation, Leader of Approved Research Program			Estimated and Approved Expenditure (\$)			Indicative Funding (\$)				
(Columns 1 and 2)	(Column 3)	2020-21 (Column 4)	2021-22 (Column 5)	2022-23 (Column 6)	2023-24* (Column 7)	2024-25* (Column 8)	2025-26* (Column 9)	(Column 10)		
Western Australia										
Murdoch Unive	ersity									
IN210100051 Uink, Dr Bep	Racism is associated with poor mental health among Indigenous youth (14-25 years). Previous research has examined overt forms of racism but overlooked subtle and covert forms. This project is designed to provide crucial new knowledge on the forms, impacts, and interpersonal context of covert racism among Indigenous youth. We will adapt, to an Indigenous youth context, an international model of microaggressions (brief, daily acts of covert racism) which focuses on the impacts of racism on targets and the roles of non- Indigenous peoples in either sustaining or ameliorating racism. Expected outcomes will be a new model of covert racism to inform future racism research and interventions in Australia and among other First Nations peoples.	92,500.00	205,000.00	199,500.00	87,000.00	0.00	0.00	584,000.00		

National Interest Test Statement

Society benefits from reducing and eradicating all forms of racism. This project tests a new model for assessing covert racism experienced by Indigenous youth. Findings will benefit the social emotional well being and mental health of Indigenous youth by not only understanding their experiences, the impacts of, and responses to covert racism, but understanding the roles of those around them in eradicating this form of racism. The project will identify modifiable behaviours which non-Indigenous Australians can adopt to reduce the interpersonal, systemic and societal causes of covert racism directed at Indigenous youth. Outcomes of the project will be establishment of a new paradigm for racism research in Australia. Benefits of the project will be new knowledge which can utilized to inform interventions to assist Indigenous youth to develop adaptive responses to covert racism, and interventions to build capacity of non-Indigenous Australians to drastically reduces instances of covert racism.

	930,456.00	1,947,076.00	1,929,399.00	1,282,802.00	701,023.00	331,000.00	7,121,756.00
Western Australia	92,500.00	205,000.00	199,500.00	87,000.00	0.00	0.00	584,000.00
Murdoch University	92,500.00	205,000.00	199,500.00	87,000.00	0.00	0.00	584,000.00